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UNITED STATES PATENT APPLICATION
FOR
DEVICE AND METHOD FOR TRANSLATING LANGUAGE
OF
LESLIE ROUSSEAU

DEVICE AND METHOD FOR TRANSLATING LANGUAGE

This application claims the benefit of United States provisional patent application no. 60/432,106.

5 FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is related to device and method for translating language.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

God gave mankind the instrument of a voice to make recognizable audible
10 sounds. These sounds evolved into a spoken language consisting of words and phrases. In the beginning language was all the same. Afterwards, language evolved into many different tongues spoken by many different people from different nations. Universal language translation is needed for the purpose of unifying all people of various cultures.

15 The invention described pertains to a device and method for providing real time speech translation between multiple parties. Translation systems have been developed previously, which include voice recognition systems to receive voice inputs that may be digitized and transmitted to a receiver and further routed to a
20 receiving party. The audible outputs are achieved through automated voice models, or text displays and do not provide what would be considered simultaneous translations between different conversationalists using the original speaker's voice patterns.

25 Simultaneous translation has been described previously for a plurality of languages with prior art, for example, with the use of an electronic, voice

interpreting machine - US Patent No. 5,724,526 - which is capable of receiving
input of a source language, a voice recognition means to recognize voice
information and electronic translation means to translate the language of the
original speaker, voice synthesis means transforming the translated language into
5 vocal information and vocal output means to output the vocal information, in
order to translate one language into another language sentence by sentence.
These developments are not as simultaneous as desired and often times require
the vocal inputs of the speakers to be very precise in order to prevent errors in
the resulting translation.

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Although speech recognition systems have greatly improved with the
continued development of primary communication devices such as mobile
telephones, language systems with the ability to provide translations of different
spoken words in real time which do not interfere with smooth conversations
15 between individuals by minimizing delays between the spoken words of the
speaker and output of the translated language to the recipients, are much needed.
It has also become more important for the systems of discussion to function
quickly with minimal inconvenience to the users of these devices.

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Sound distortions that are generated with voice recognition systems
employing current technologies can also be responsible for errors in translations
and minimization of these distortions is needed to provide simultaneous
conversations with minimal disruption in the language exchange between
individual users. Both of these features are key development areas for the next
25 generation of real-time translation devices.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention comprises a device and method to improve conversation between multiple parties with little inconvenience to the users. The present invention describes a device and method for translating the spoken
5 language that is received by one party in real time into a different language or languages and routing this translation to the parties spoken to as an audible output of an actual voice. With the present invention, real-time speech is converted into digitized signals and routed through a digitized dictionary or other means for translating the signal. The translated signal is further transmitted to a
10 routing station where the language outputs to the recipient(s) are provided as the represented voice pattern of the speaker with minimal delays and sound distortions.

The present invention was developed to solve the problems described
15 above, such as delays in language exchange between conversationalists as well as to improve the speed of the translation process and the accuracy of the translation outputs. An objective of the invention is to provide a translation device, which makes it possible to maintain smoother conversation and more simultaneous translations between individuals of different language speaking
20 nations in real time by providing speedier translations of spoken words with a higher degree of accuracy.

Another objective of the present invention is the ability to provide the translated word (s) of the original speaker to the recipients using the original
25 speaker's voice patterns. This feature of the present invention is believed to be novel and has not been described previously in prior art for translation devices.

In the preferred embodiment, the device receives a voice pattern signal from the original speaker and the signal is recognized in the host language module of the translation device and is translated into corresponding multiple languages and phrases. The translation is transmitted to a routing station within the device, which is capable of channeling the translated response into more than one language as needed. Real-time translation with this device is achieved with a search of the host language module(s), transmission of the translated language to the routing device and identification of the speaker's digitized voice pattern from other language modules. The routing station of the translation device is capable of channeling the translated word(s) of the host language to the recipient's native languages simultaneously. The routing station is designed to channel a variety of different languages inputs to the corresponding language output of the recipient(s) using the voice pattern of the original speaker.

In a similar embodiment, real-time translation with this device is achieved with a search of the host language module(s), transmission of the translated language to the routing device and identification of the speaker's digitized voice pattern from other language modules. The routing station of the translation device is capable of channeling the translated word(s) of the host language to the recipient's native languages that have been pre-selected by the recipient. The routing station is designed to channel language inputs to the corresponding pre-selected language outputs of the recipient(s) using the voice pattern of the original speaker.

In one embodiment, minimal delays and sound distortions are possible with the present invention due to signal encoding which occurs with the use of voice pattern point clouds or matrices, that imprint the defining sounds (tones, inflections) of the speaker's voice inputs using vectors, density profiles, sound

spectra, numerical analysis, FEA (finite element analysis) or FDS (finite difference schemes) or other means to create dimensional computer representations which can be used as a voice model. The voice model, or dimensional computer representation of the speaker's voice may be further
5 reduced to a single point or points comprising the point clouds of respective speakers in the native language. The abbreviated digitized signal is transmitted to a routing station where it is located according to corresponding points on point clouds of respective speakers in the native language. The abbreviated digitized signal is then encoded as a full sentence and transmitted as the represented voice
10 of the speaker.

In another embodiment, minimal delays and sound distortions are possible with the present invention since root words of the speaker's message are converted into digitized signals and routed through a dictionary which also uses
15 abbreviated (root word) terms of the multiple languages of the recipient(s). The translated signal is further transmitted to a routing station where it is encoded into the language(s) of the recipient(s) in combination with the use of point clouds and small sections (finite elements) of the dimensional representations mentioned above and is channeled as outputs using the voice pattern of the
20 original speaker.

Preferred languages of the multiple language dictionaries that are used in the translation processes described above include the languages of major countries in the world such as participating countries in the United Nations and
25 parties to the Geneva Convention. Examples of major languages include but are not limited to: English, Spanish, German, French, Japanese Russian and Dutch.

The translation device that is described was designed to integrate several interchangeable modules with multiple functions to include: currency, weight and measurement conversions, bi-directional speakers, auxiliary amplifiers and plug-ins for PC's, cell phones, digital cameras, PDA's and other communication devices such as TV's, DVD's, etc., and docking stations and adapters for these electronic devices.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

The preferred embodiment of this invention is described in detail with reference to the following figures and numerals wherein:

10 FIG. 1 is a block diagram of a speech-to-speech translation system further comprising: a speech input device 100, a speech recognition unit 105, a digitized speech converter 110, one or more language modules 115, one or more routers 120 and one or more speech output units 125.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

15 The preferred embodiment, Fig.1, shows a block diagram of the present invention with the following components: a speech input device 100, a speech recognition unit 105, a digitized speech converter 110, multiple language modules 115, multiple routers 120, and multiple speech output units 125.

20 The translation device receives input from the original speaker via the speech input device 100, and the spoken word(s) are transmitted from the input device to the speech recognition unit 105, that uses speech recognition software to encode the signal input (spoken words). The encoded signal is further transmitted to the speech converter 110, to produce a digitized signal. The digitized signal is now in the best format to be read by the subsequent components in a faster and much more efficient manner. A digitized signal of the spoken word(s) is sent to multiple language modules 115, contained within

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the device to generate the same number of corresponding language outputs. The language modules are each capable of receiving and processing the same digitized signal and translating this digitized signal into the different language outputs or native tongues of each of the countries represented. The language
5 modules generate digitized translations in languages of the recipients rather than translated words, phrases or full sentences which serves to further accelerate the time required for the entire translation process. Following the translation step with the language modules, the compressed signal(s) are sent to the routers where the speaker's voice patterns (computer sub-models) are evaluated for the
10 best representation of the speaker's voice in each of the native tongues.

It is possible with the use of a voice model, or dimensional computer representation for the speaker's voice to be further abbreviated to a single point or points comprising the point clouds of respective speakers in the native
15 language. The abbreviated digitized signal is transmitted to a routing station where it is located according to corresponding points on point clouds of respective speakers in the native language. The abbreviated digitized signal is then encoded as a full sentence and transmitted as the represented voice of the speaker.

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Real-time translation with this device is achieved with a search of the host language module(s), transmission of the translated language to the routing device and identification of the speaker's digitized voice pattern from the language modules. The routing station is designed to channel a variety of different
25 languages inputs to the corresponding language output of the recipient(s) using the voice pattern of the original speaker.

Although this invention has been described through the use of specific embodiments, many alternatives and modifications that are apparent to those skilled in the art could be made to the present system. Therefore, the preferred embodiment of the present invention is not intended to be limiting, but rather
5 illustrative. It is further expected that the intent, the spirit and scope of the present invention to remain intact regardless of various changes.